Biotech Insights: A Deep Dive into LIMS Software Evaluation

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- 1. Identify your challenges, pain points, and requirements
- 2. Prepare to find and research an initial set of products
- **3.** Screen candidates comparing features and trade-offs including demos
- 4. Dive deeper Get hands on trialing the top product options with real-world data
- 5. Research vendors Read reviews and testimonials, seek references
- 6. Make a decision aligned with your current and future needs

Why do you need a LIMS?



Efficiency:

- Manual processes taking time away from research
- Use of many disparate systems

Data Management & Analysis:

- Difficulty tracking data for planning, decision making, regulatory submissions
- Challenges managing samples and connecting them to results
- Excess effort generating views, reports, and analyses

Workflow & Collaboration:

- Siloing of data slowing cross-functional and post-hoc use
- Inconsistent data practices slowing aggregate and post-hoc use

Security:

• Reliant on individual responsibility to protect your IP

All increasingly problematic as your team and R&D complexity grow!

What can a LIMS do for you?



Efficiency:

- Increase efficiency and predictability for regular work
- Fewer errors, faster data processing, greater consistency, and improved findability
- Centralized source of truth for data

Data Management & Analysis

- High traceability of samples and other materials with automatic integration of data types
- Automated generation of routine data views, reporting, and analysis at each level
- Programmatic utility for bioinformatics applications such as ML/AI modelling

Workflow & Collaboration

- Cross-functional data accessibility and hand-offs
- Centrality of operations, standardization, concurrent usage, predictability, visibility of use

Security

• Genuine system security with granular permissions not requiring file management



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Questions to define your requirements:



🔆 What problems do you need to solve?

For whom?

- Scientist organization and efficiency?
- Data scientists, management or executive level decision-making?
- Representatives to lead this effort?

For what scientific functions?

- Is it all the scientific functions and teams enterprise-wide?
- Is it just your discovery and cell-line development groups?
- Outsourced functions?

Which pain points & priorities?

- Data governance, establishing a "source of truth"
- Connecting data from different steps and types
- Reducing manual spreadsheet work
- Facilitating hand-offs of data and requests between teams
- Structuring your data for data scientists (analytics and AI/ML modelling)



What challenges are you having that a LIMS could solve?

(Please vote using the Zoom poll feature.)



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Preparing for your search



- Before your evaluation you should determine:
- Establish selection criteria based on requirements gathered
- Onboard leadership about needs, budgets, and other resource availability
- Talk to IT/Security about their requirements
- Check for institutionally preferred vendors
- Establishing decision-makers
- Determine desired timing for decision making and implementation



Be ready to provide shortlisted vendors with:

- Real-world data
- Defined processes needing support
- Who will using the product #/type
- User flexibility and openness to change
- Biggest pain points, time sinks
- Future projections/plans growth



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How Requirements Fit LIMS Functions





Common categories of LIMS functionality:

- Sample and Material Management
- Data Management
- Workflow and Collaboration Management
- Analysis
- Data Security

What to look for: Sample and Material Management





End-to-end tracking with relationships to each other and sources.

- Track the lineage of samples as they are processed, connecting them to experiment results and analyses.
- Manage glycerol stocks and plates through iterative antibody screening and characterization workflows
- Capture sample and plate-well metadata for inclusion with results and analysis
- Explore what materials you have meeting criteria for new projects

What to look for: Data Management





Capturing, viewing, integrating all useful types of data.

- Findable Accessible Interoperable Reproducible
- Standardizing, connecting, integrating, organizing and auditing
- Enforcement of structure for consistent usage
- Importing results for integration with samples, QC, analysis, and reporting
- Capturing plate-based data for tracking and alignment
- Automatic processing of data

What to look for: Workflow and Collaboration





Facilitate accountability, communication, and data access.

- Standardize and manage processes
- Monitor work that is underway
- Assist with hand-off and notifications between operations
- Document experiments and highlight results
- Create and display reports that are routinely needed

What to look for: Analysis



- Easily visualize and analyze results using native and external analytics tools
- Analyze data for multiple runs of the same type or look across types to meet broader decision criteria
- Unique analyses for specialized LIMS
 - View physical properties of candidate antibodies and sequences
 - View all data available for a molecule, sequence, or clone to make selection decisions

What to look for: Security





Ensure the security of your data for compliance and protection of your IP.

- Data location On-premise vs. Cloud (multi-tenant vs private)
 - Authentication options

Data partitioning with user permissions & roles

- Locking notebooks or other data
- Compliance features for federal or other regulations



What are you using now to manage your data and processes?

(Please vote using the Zoom poll feature.)

Evaluating LIMS Software



The resources & information you need changes as the evaluation progresses.

Initial evaluation and shortlisting:

- Explore vendor websites and collateral
- Peruse generic product tours and trials
- Request generalized demonstrations

Needed for more in-depth evaluation:

- Real conversations
- Tailored demonstrations with your data
- Tailored trials for hands-on assessment
- Pilot projects



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Tips for Software Trials



Test Real-World Scenarios:

Use real data and processes to test the software to get a clear idea of how well it can handle your workflows and data types.

Evaluate User Friendliness:

The interface should be intuitive and easy to navigate. A steep learning curve might indicate potential adoption issues.

Check Customization and Scalability:

Determine how easily the software can be customized to fit your requirements. Also, consider how it would handle an increasing volume of and integrating new processes.

Assess Integration Capabilities:

Check how well the LIMS integrates with other systems and instruments. Seamless integration is key to efficient data flow and reduced manual data entry.



Tips for Software Trials



Review Data Management and Security:

Understand how the LIMS manages data storage, backup, and recovery. Ensure it has robust security measures to protect sensitive information.

Request Feedback from Users:

During and after the trial, gather feedback from your team on their experience with the software. This feedback is invaluable in assessing whether the LIMS is a good fit for your lab.

Request Extended Trial if Necessary:

Don't hesitate to ask for an extended trial period if needed. This can give you more time to evaluate its features and make a well-informed decision.





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Choosing the Right Vendor

Keep in mind...

The sales process is an early indicator of how a vendor treats their clients and the support they will provide.

- What is the Long-Term Product Viability?
- What does Partnership and Vendor Support look like?
- What is the Pricing Structure and are their any additional costs?
- Does the Vendor Clearly Show Technical and Scientific Competence?
- How do they treat you?



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Making the decision

Gather the decision makers. Review the selection criteria and what you have learned.

- **Compare Against Requirements:** Initial and learned requirements against LIMS functionality prioritized by what is most critical
- **Review Trial Feedback:** Consider usability, efficiency improvements, and any challenges
- User Acceptance: Ease of learning and adoption
- **Total Cost of Ownership:** Purchase price plus custom work, upgrades, additional module costs, and training
- Vendor Support and Culture: Reliability, reputation, and support level offered
- Scalability and Future-Proofing: Accommodation for future growth and change
- **Product Roadmap:** Ensure that your operations and their vision aligns
- Legal and Contractual Terms: Review the contractual terms carefully

Thank You!

Questions?



